Table of tax attributes for investors

Ordinary income tax rates

Ordinary income is taxed at the rate indicated until it exceeds a particular breakpoint. After reaching a breakpoint, income is taxed at the next rate until it exceeds the next breakpoint and so on. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 redefined the marginal ordinary income tax rates and brackets for single, married filing jointly (MFJ), head of household (HOH) and married filing separately (MFS) filers.

	2024					2025				
Marginal rate	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of household	Marginal rate	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of household	
10%	\$11,600	\$23,200	\$11,600	\$16,550	10%	\$11,925	\$23,850	\$11,925	\$17,000	
12%	\$47,150	\$94,300	\$47,150	\$63,100	12%	\$48,475	\$96,950	\$48,475	\$64,850	
22%	\$100,525	\$201,050	\$100,525	\$100,500	22%	\$103,350	\$206,700	\$103,350	\$103,350	
24%	\$191,950	\$383,900	\$191,950	\$191,950	24%	\$197,300	\$394,600	\$197,300	\$197,300	
32%	\$243,725	\$487,450	\$243,725	\$243,700	32%	\$250,525	\$501,050	\$250,525	\$250,500	
35%	\$609,350	\$731,200	\$365,600	\$609,350	35%	\$626,350	\$751,600	\$375,800	\$626,350	
37%	>\$609,350	>\$731,200	>\$365,600	>\$609,350	37%	>\$626,350	>\$751,600	>\$375,800	>\$626,350	

Long-term capital gain, capital gain distribution & qualified dividend tax rates

After ordinary income is taxed according to the rates above, taxation continues for qualified income at lower, preferred rates. Long-term capital gains from sales and exchanges, long-term capital gain distributions from mutual funds, and qualified dividends are taxed at the rate indicated until exceeding a particular breakpoint. After exceeding a breakpoint, the income is taxed at the next rate until it exceeds the next breakpoint and so on. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act redefined the breakpoints but did not change the preferred tax rates.

	2024					2025			
Marginal rate	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of household	Marginal rate	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of household
0%	\$0 - \$47,025	\$0 - \$94,050	\$0 - \$47,025	\$0 - \$63,000	10%	\$0 - \$48,350	\$0 - \$96,700	\$0 - \$48,350	\$0 - \$64,750
15%	\$47,026 - \$518,900	\$94,051 - \$583,750	\$47,026 - \$291,850	\$63,001 - \$551,350	15%	\$48,351 - \$533,400	\$96,701 - \$600,050	\$48,351 - \$300,000	\$64,751 - \$566,700
20%	\$518,901 and up	\$583,751 and up	\$291,851 and up	\$551,351 and up	20%	\$533,401 and up	\$600,051 and up	\$300,001 and up	\$566,701 and up

Net investment income tax

The Affordable Care Act of 2012 created a 3.8% tax on the lesser of "net investment income" or the amount by which Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) exceeds certain thresholds. The tax begins to phase in for MAGI of \$125,000 for married filing separately, \$250,000 for married filing jointly or surviving spouse and \$200,000 for single and head of household filers.

Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT) exemption amounts

	Amounts	for 2024		Amounts for 2025					
Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Estate and trusts	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Estate and trusts		
\$85,700	\$133,300	\$66,650	\$29,900	\$88,100	\$137,000	\$68,500	\$30,700		

		2	024		2025				
Standard deduction	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of household	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of household	
	\$14,600	\$29,200	\$14,600	\$21,900	\$15,000	\$30,000	\$15,000	\$22,500	
Itemized deduction limitation (Pease)	The Pease limitation is suspended through 2025.								
Miscellaneous itemized deductions	Various miscellaneous itemized deductions that investors may have taken prior to 2018 are suspended through 2025. They include but are not limited to: IRA annual fees and administrative fees, IRA losses (when all IRA accounts of a type were liquidated), American Depository Receipt (ADR) fees, Managed Account Program (MAP) fees, and Advisory and Guided Solutions Program fees.								
Personal exemption	Personal exemptions are suspended through 2025.								
Kiddie tax	Applies to children under 19 and dependent full–time students under 24.								
Child tax credit (subject to phaseout)		00 per qualifyi undable portio	0	O	\$2,000 per qualifying child under age 17. The refundable portion of the credit is \$1,700.				
Lifetime estate and gift tax exemption amount	\$13.61 million			\$13.99 million					
Annual gift tax exclusion	\$18,000			\$19,000					
Estate and gift tax rate	40%								

Edward Jones, its employees and financial advisors cannot provide tax or legal advice. You should consult your attorney or qualified tax advisor regarding your situation. This content should not be depended upon for other than broadly informational purposes. Specific questions should be referred to a qualified tax professional.